

## Search for Inclusive Decay $b \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-$ at DØ

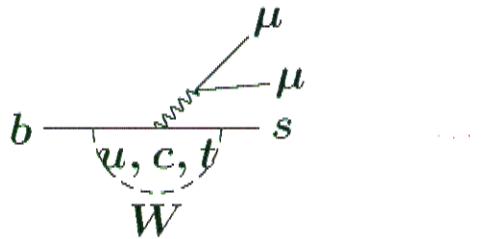
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Workshop on  
**B Physics at the Tevatron**  
**Run II and Beyond**  
**Sep 23-25 1999**

### Outline

- DØ Run I analysis (PL 423, 419 (1998))
- CLEO measurement
- DØ muon triggers for Run II
- Preliminary MC studies

SM: FCNC decay forbidden to 1st order  
allowed through 2nd order diagrams

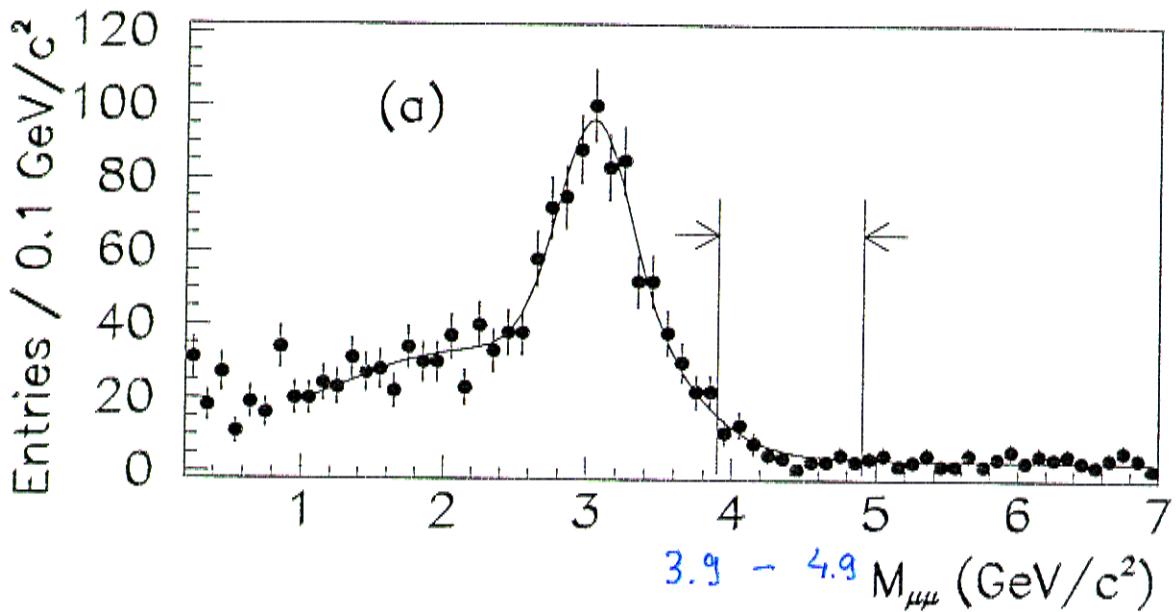


$$\text{SM: } B(b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-) = (6 \pm 1)\sigma^{-6}$$

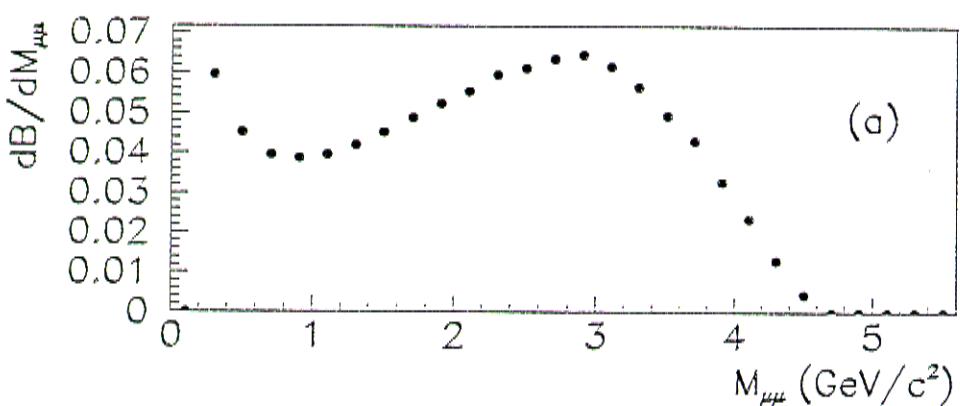
Interest in  $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$ :

- In SM, with  $m_t$  known, measurement of  $B(b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-)$  is tantamount to measurement of  $|V_{ts}|^2/|V_{cb}|^2$ .
- Sensitivity to non-SM physics
  - charged Higgs boson
  - new gauge bosons
  - supersymmetric particles

# Study of $b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$ at DΦ



DΦ  
data



theoretical distribution  
of  $M_{\mu\mu}$  from  
 $b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$

Event selection:

- Dimuon trigger, central region;  $\mathcal{L} = (50.0 \pm 2.7) \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- $p_T^{\mu\mu} > 5 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|y^{\mu\mu}| < 0.6$ ,  $p_T^{\mu} > 3.5 \text{ GeV}$
- calorimeter confirmation;  $N_{\text{hits}} \geq 6$
- 'global fit' for each muon

1564 events @  $M_{\mu\mu} < 7 \text{ GeV}$

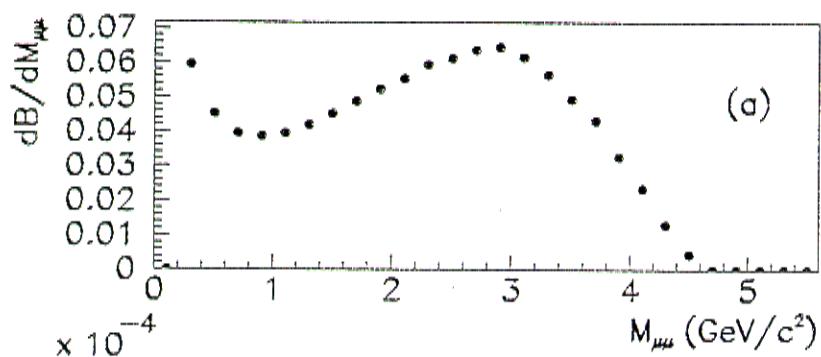
Efficiency for  $b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$

$$\epsilon = A \times \epsilon_{\text{det}}$$

A: kinematic acceptance for  
 $P_T^{\mu} > 3 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $3.9 < M_{\mu\mu} < 4.9 \text{ GeV}$  }  
 $P_T^b > 6 \text{ GeV}$

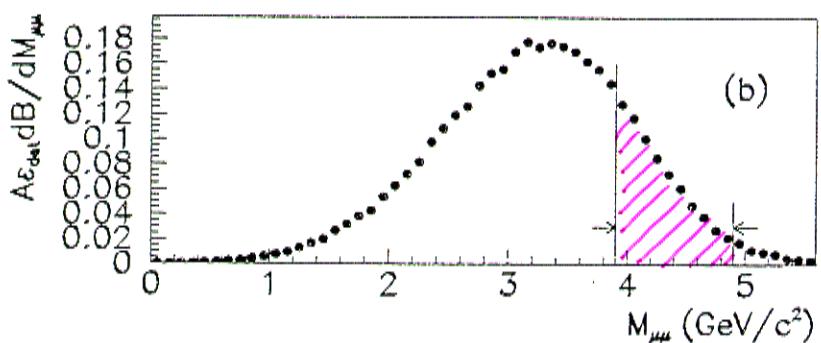
$\epsilon_{\text{det}}$ : trigger + offline eff. for accepted events

$$\epsilon = (7.0 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-5}$$



Theoretical distribution of  $M_{\mu\mu}$

Baer & Pott PRD 55, 1684 (97)



D $\phi$  response

(including kin. accept,  
detection efficiency  
and mass resolution)

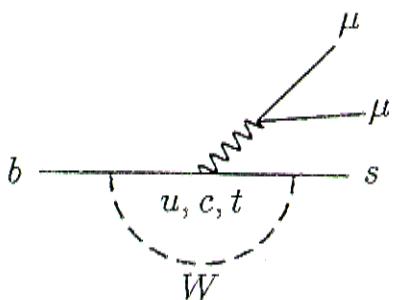
$$A = (7.0 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{det}} = (1.0 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-2}$$

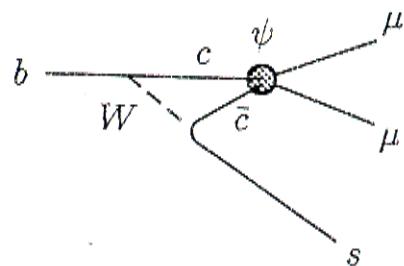
## (Efficiency for $b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$ ctd.)

No major event simulation program includes the decay  $b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$ .

$$b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-:$$



$$b \rightarrow s \psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$$



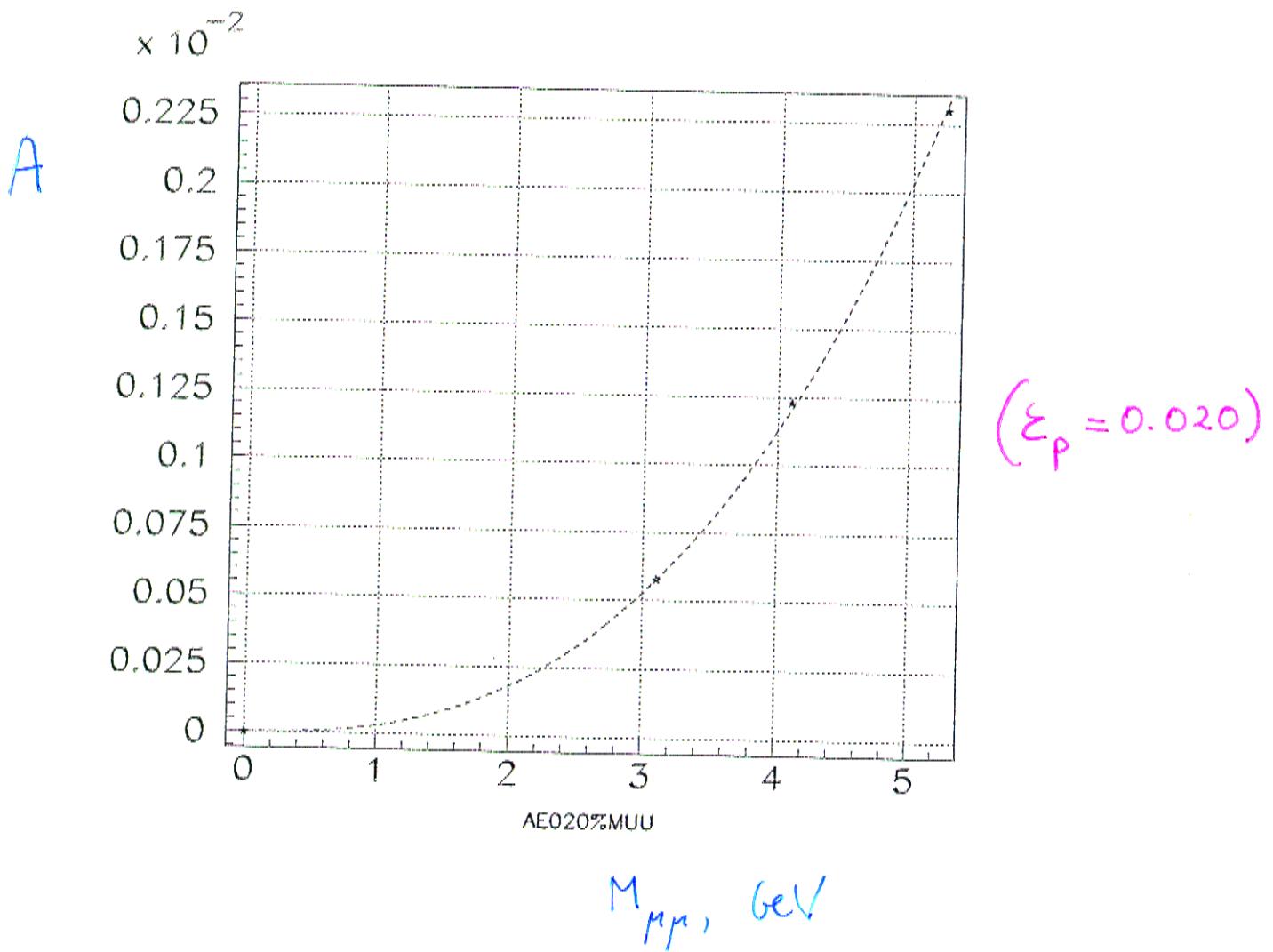
We use  $b \rightarrow B$ ,  $B \rightarrow X_s \psi$ ,  $\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  simulated by Isajet (in LO QCD) as a model;

To calculate  $A(M_{\mu\mu})$  we substitute  $M_{\mu\mu}$  for  $M_\psi$  by hand.

Result:  $A(M_{\mu\mu}) \approx 2.9 \times 10^{-3} M_{\mu\mu}^{2.64}$

Integrate the product of  $A(M_{\mu\mu})$  and theor. distrib. over the search window  $3.9 \div 4.9 \text{ GeV}$  to obtain  $A$ .

$$A(M_{\mu\mu}) = 2.9 \times 10^{-3} M_{\mu\mu}^{2.64}$$



Systematic uncertainty:

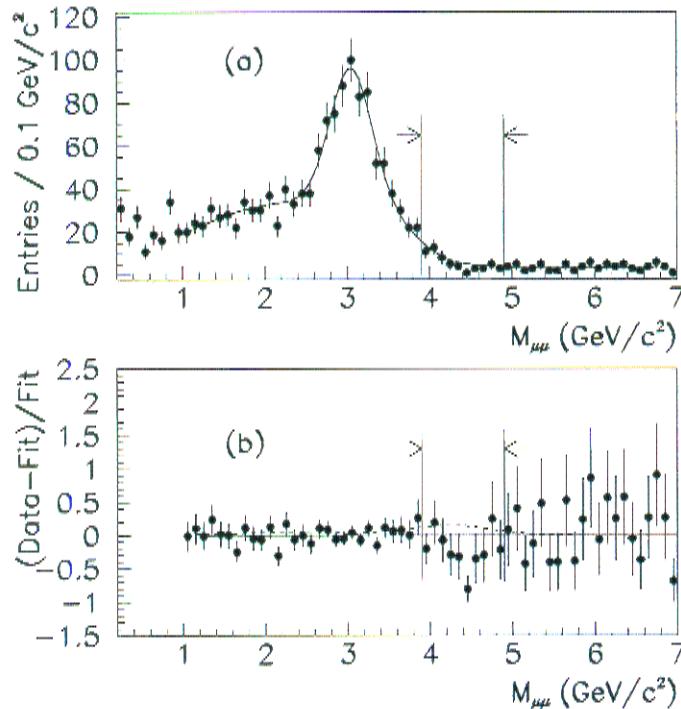
the acceptance depends on the 'Peterson' fragmentation parameter,  $\epsilon_p$ , used in  $b \rightarrow B$  simulation.

We use the  $\epsilon_p$  range compatible with CDF data on  $\frac{d\sigma(b \rightarrow t)}{dp_T^+}$ .

## Search for Rare $B$ Meson Decays

- Search for the decay process

$$b \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^- \quad (\text{BR(SM)} = 6 \times 10^{-6})$$



- In the mass window  $3.9 < M_{\mu\mu} < 4.9$  GeV/c<sup>2</sup>, one observes  $56 \pm 2(\text{stat.}) \pm 4(\text{syst.})$  events where  $68 \pm 2(\text{stat.}) \pm 4(\text{syst.})$  are expected from the fit.
- Limits at 90% confidence level:

$\text{BR}(b \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-) < 3.2 \times 10^{-4}$

# Summary of limits on $B(b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-)$

DΦ:  $B(b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-) < 3.2 \times 10^{-4}$

UA1 :  $B(b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-) < 5.0 \times 10^{-5}$   
(1991)

(but based on eff.  
overestimated  
by a large factor)

CLEO:  $B(b \rightarrow s\mu^+\mu^-) < 5.8 \times 10^{-5}$   
(1997,  
~~submitted~~  
~~to PRL~~)  
 $B(b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-) < 4.2 \times 10^{-5}$

PRL 80, 2289 (98)

n.b.: CLEO, indep. of DΦ,  
finds the UA1 acceptance  
to be overestimated  
by at least  $\times 3$   
(using PYTHIA)

SM:  $6 \times 10^{-6}$

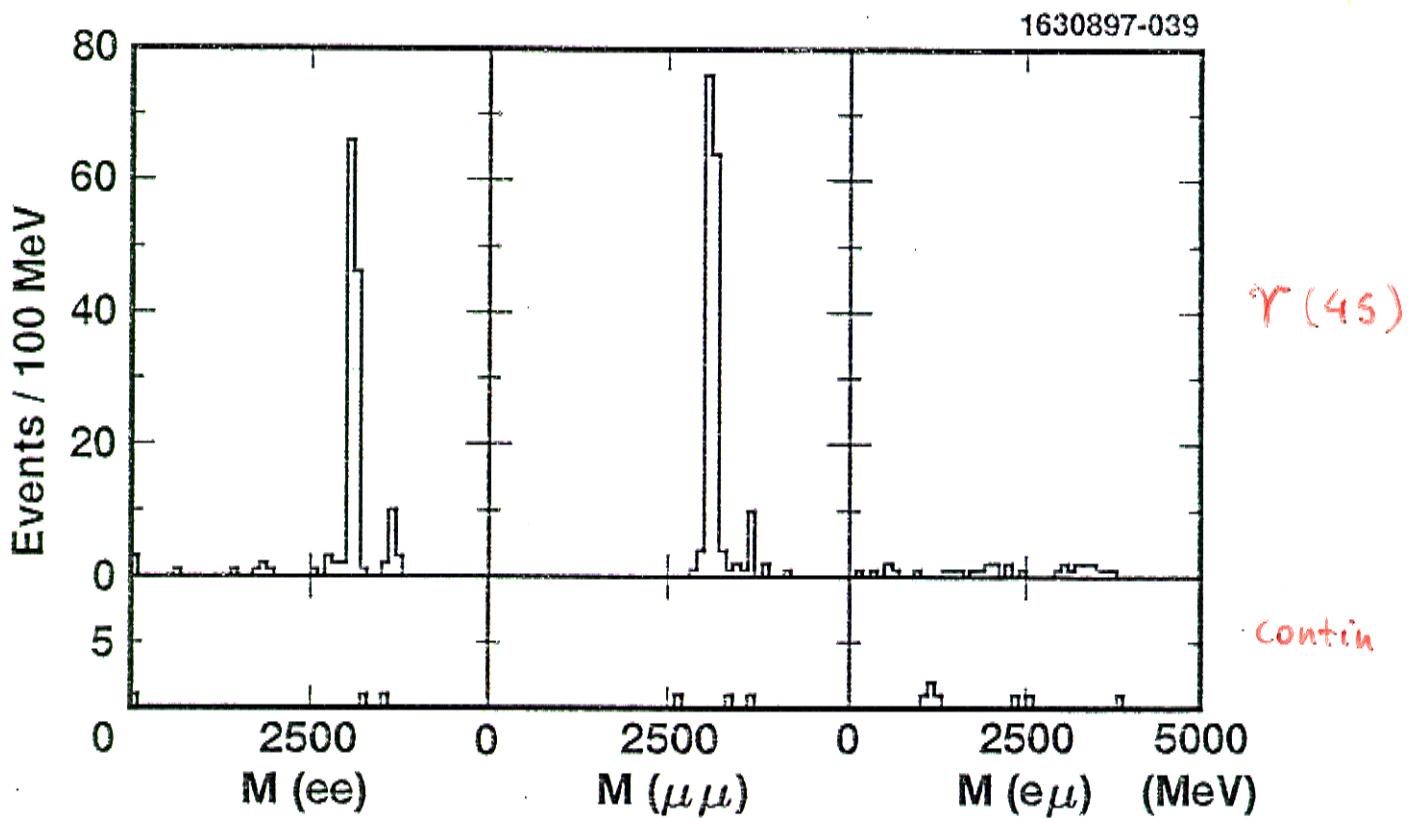
CLEO Collab: PRL 80, 2289 (1998)

Look for:  $B \rightarrow X_s L^+ L^-$ ,  $\ell = e \text{ or } \mu$   
 $X_s = K^+ (0 \div 4)\pi$

$(3.30 \pm 0.06) \times 10^6 B\bar{B}$  pairs

$$X_B^2 = \left( \frac{M_B - 5.279}{\sigma_M} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{E_B - E_{beam}}{\sigma_E} \right)^2 < 6$$

$$M_B = \sqrt{E_{beam}^2 - P_B^2}$$



outside  
 $\gamma/4, 4'$

$10 \pm 5$

$12 \pm 5$

$18 \pm 8$

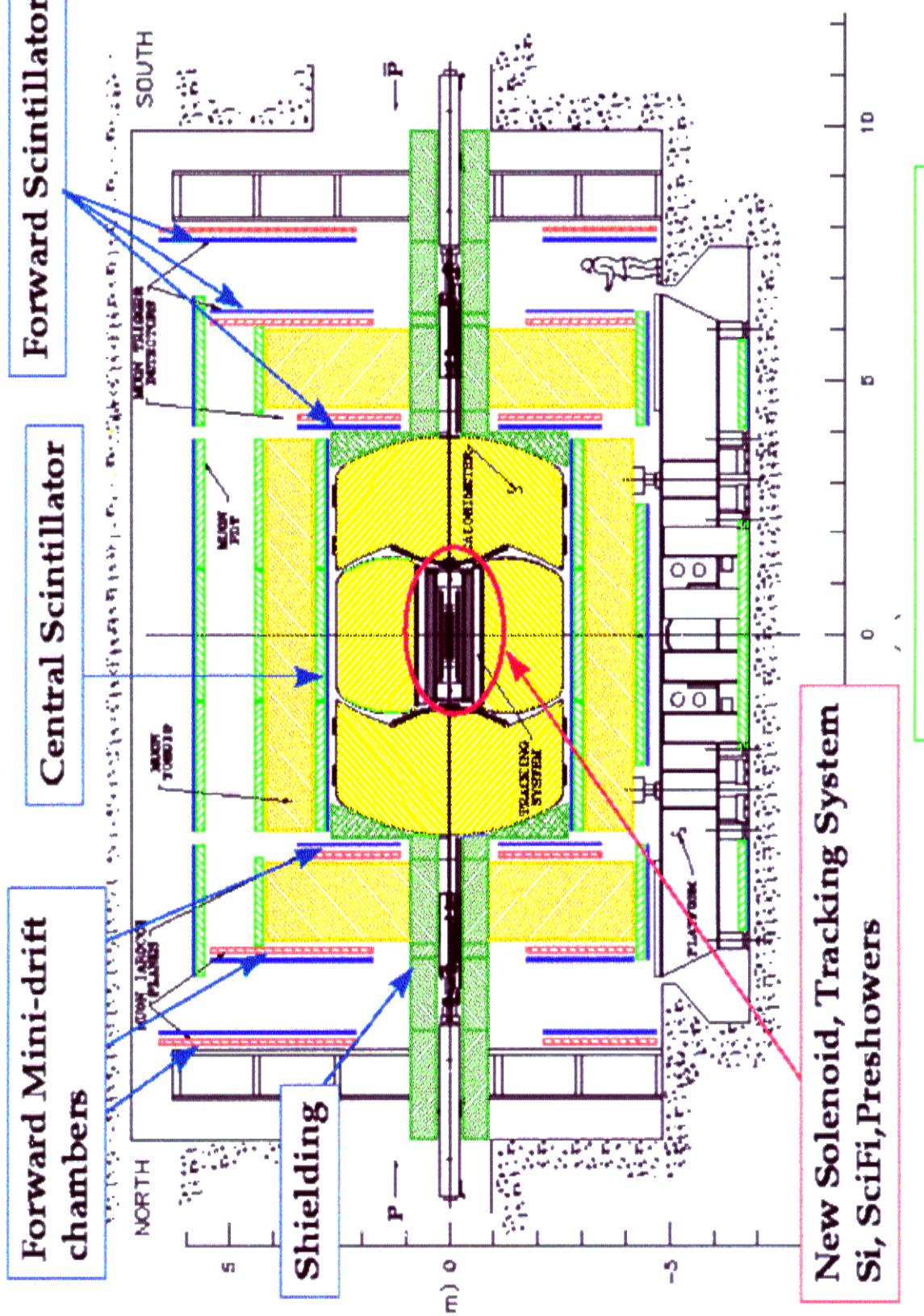
expected

$9 \pm 1$

$16 \pm 2$

$39 \pm 3$

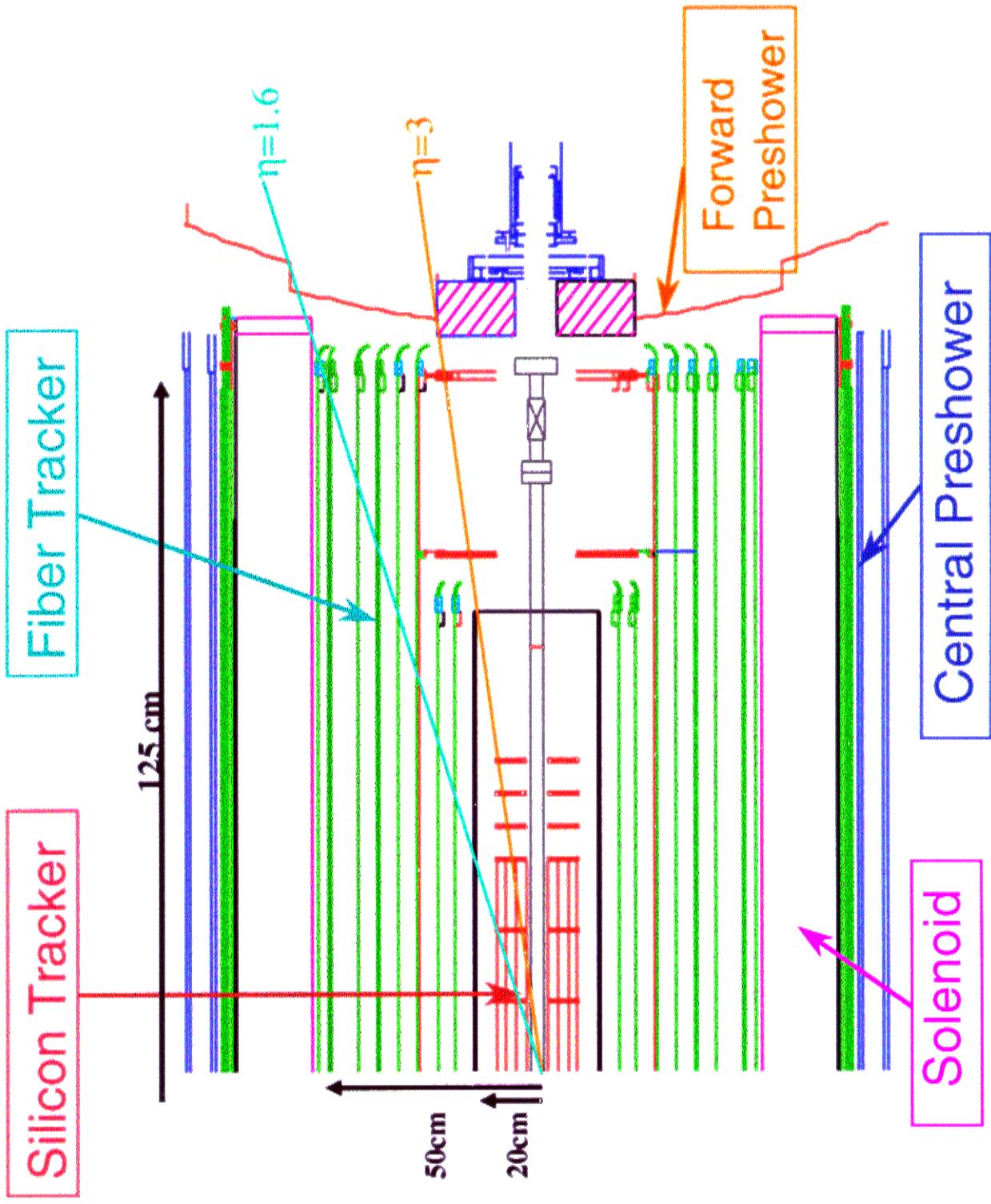
# The D $\emptyset$ Upgrade



# D $\phi$ Upgraded Detector Performance

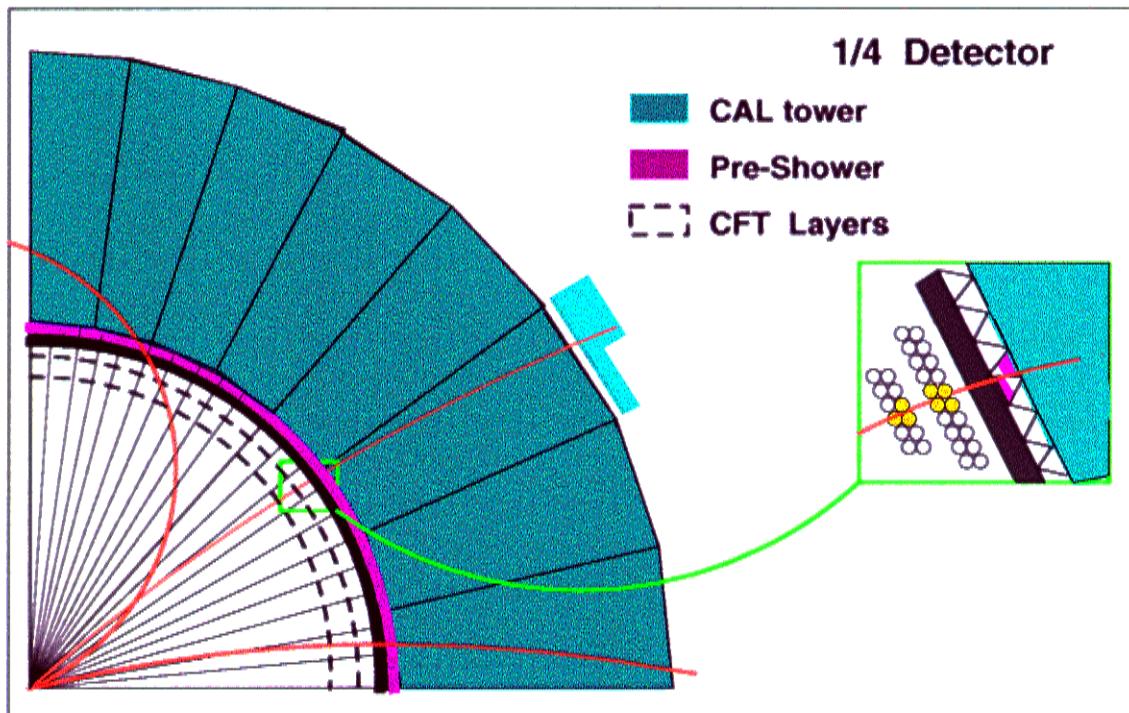
- Good Momentum resolution:
  - ◆  $dP_T/P_T^2 = 0.002$  (Silicon+Fiber tracker)
- High tracking efficiency:
  - ◆ at least 95 %  $|\eta| < 3$  (disks)
- Vertex Reconstruction:
  - ◆ primary vertex:  $\sigma_{\text{vertex}} = 15\text{-}30 \mu\text{m}$  ( $r\text{-}\phi$ )
  - ◆ secondary vertex:  $\sigma_{\text{vertex}} = 40 \mu\text{m}$  ( $r\text{-}\phi$ ) ,  $100 \mu\text{m}$  ( $r\text{-}z$ )
- Excellent lepton coverage trigger and ID efficiency:
  - ◆ muons:  $pT > 1.5 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta| < 2$
  - ◆ electrons:  $pT > 1 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $|\eta| < 2.5$
- Impact parameter trigger

# The D $\varnothing$ Inner Tracking System



# DØ Electron Triggers

- Low  $E_T$  cut for in EM CAL (2.0 GeV)
- Low threshold PS clusters (2.0-.5.0 MIPs)
- Low  $p_T$  track / charge sign (1.5 GeV/c)



- Level 1 trigger:
  - Matching: Track - PS Cluster (+- 3 strips)
  - CAL - PS Cluster (quadrant)
- - Level-2 trigger:
  - - Matching: CAL - PS clusters in  $(\eta, \Phi)$
  - - EM fraction,  $\Delta R(e^-, e^+)$ ,  $M(e^-, e^+)$ ,  $\Delta\Phi(e^-, e^+)$

# ~~OUTLINE~~

# 97' MONTE CARLO TRIGGER STUDIES

- Motivation
  - time integrated  $CP$  asymmetry from  $K_s + J/\psi$
  - $B_s$  mixing in the  $x_s$  range 15 - 20
  - FCNC b decays etc

- Monte Carlo samples
  - NLO  $Q\bar{Q}$ ;  $2 < p_T < 80$  GeV/c;  $\mu\mu$  and  $ee$  mode
  - $b \rightarrow J/\psi + X$ ;  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu (ee)$
  - prompt  $J/\psi$
  - $B_s \rightarrow D_s + \mu$  (two  $\mu$  in the final state)
  - $B_s \rightarrow D_s + 3\pi$  (only one  $\mu$  in the final state)
  - QCD background

2 jets evts 2-80 GeV in  $p_T$  bins  
multiple inter,  $\mathcal{L} = 210^{32}$

- Standard Triggers
  - nominal
  - modified single  $\mu$  triggers
  - modified dimuon triggers

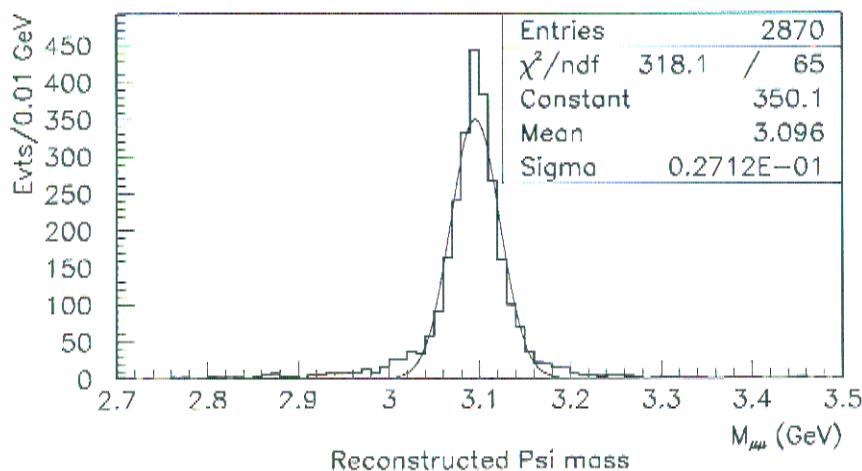
- STT Triggers
  - rates
  - efficiencies

- Expected event samples for selected processes

- Conclusions

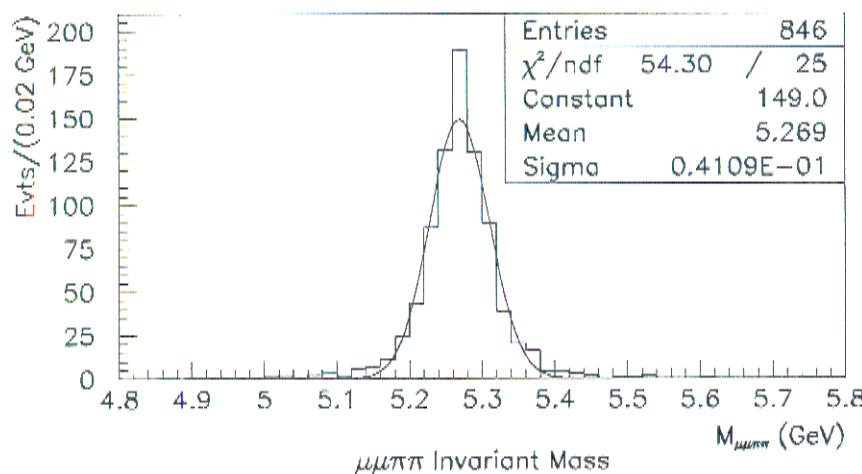
## B Meson Reconstruction

- Reconstruction of  $J/\psi$ 's produced in  $B_d^0 \rightarrow K_s^0 + J/\psi$  events and decaying in  $\mu^+\mu^-$ . Both muons are required to have  $p_T^\mu > 1.5$  GeV/c and  $|\eta_\mu| < 2$ .



27 MeV

- Reconstruction of  $B_d^0$  candidates when demanding two pions with  $p_T^\pi > 0.5$  GeV/c and  $|\eta_\pi| < 2$ .



41 MeV

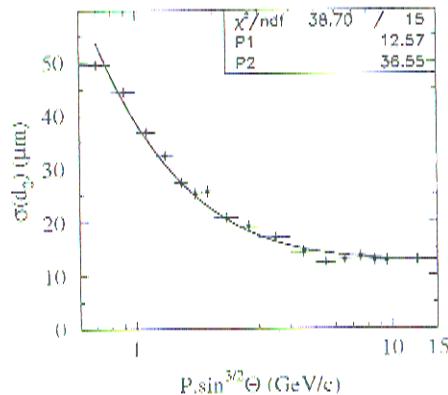
↓ mass constraints

15 MeV

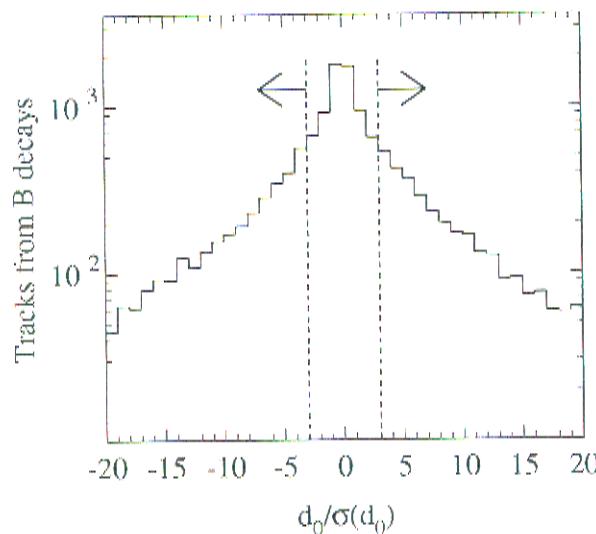
## B-tagging

- The SMT will allow to tag  $B$  decays using displaced secondary vertices or tracks with large impact parameters.
- Impact parameter resolution in the transversal plane:

$$\sigma(d_0) = (12.6 \text{ } \mu\text{m})^2 + \left( \frac{36.6}{p_\cdot \sin^{3/2} \theta} \right)^2 \quad (1)$$

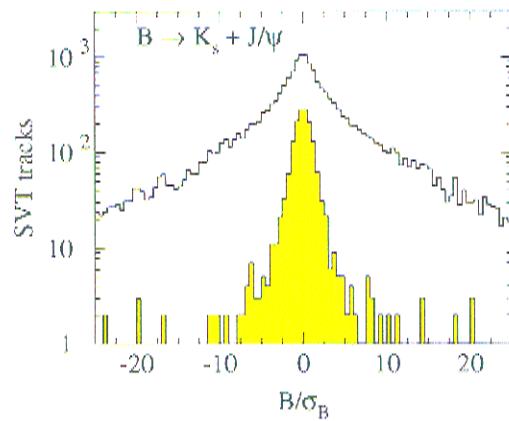


- For  $B_d^\circ \rightarrow K_s + J/\psi$  events, more than 50% of the particles produced in  $B$  decays will have an impact parameter significance  $d_0/\sigma(d_0)$  greater than 3.

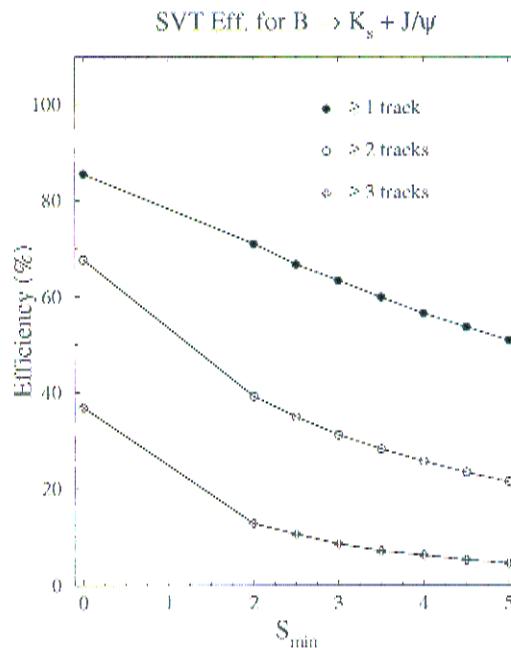


## Silicon Vertex Trigger

- The Silicon Vertex Trigger relies on the presence of tracks with large impact parameters.
- For  $B_d^0 \rightarrow K_s + J/\psi$  events, more than 80% of the particles with  $p_T > 1.5$  GeV/c and  $|\eta| < 1.6$  come from  $B$  meson decays.



- A reasonable trigger efficiency can be achieved with a simple counting algorithm.

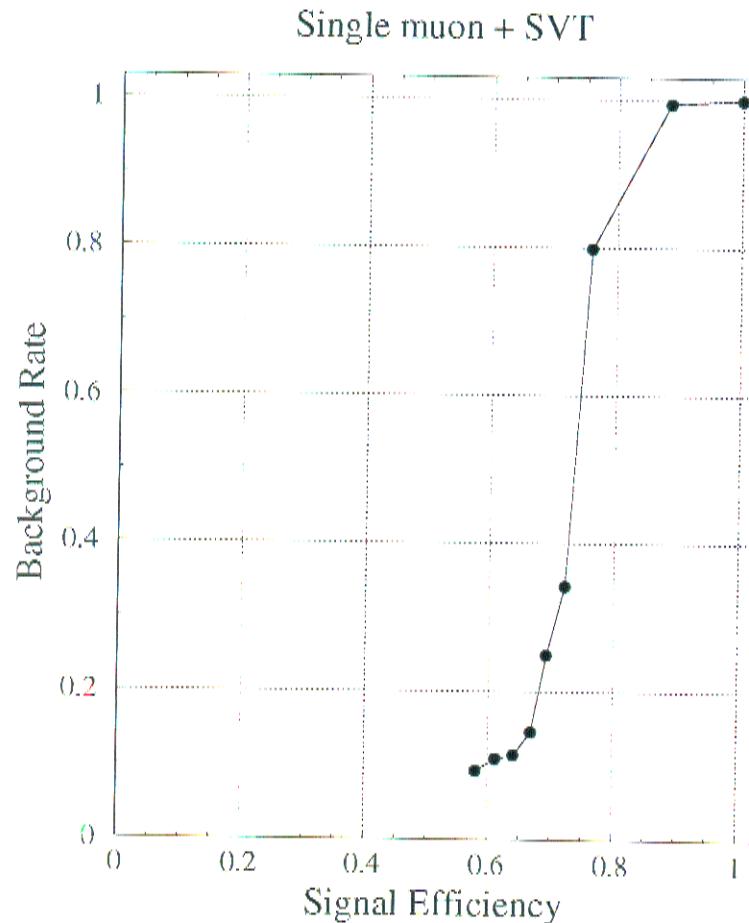


## Single Muon Trigger

- Investigate various options of a single muon trigger.

Trigger Configuration	L2 Bgd. (Hz)	$\psi K_s$ (%)
• $p_T > 6,  \eta  < 2$	13.5	10.8
• $p_T > 4,  \eta  < 2$	38.6	23.9
• $p_T > 4 + \text{SVT}$	13.2	17.3

- In case the single muon trigger rate would need to be reduced, the SVT would be very helpful to preserve a good signal efficiency.

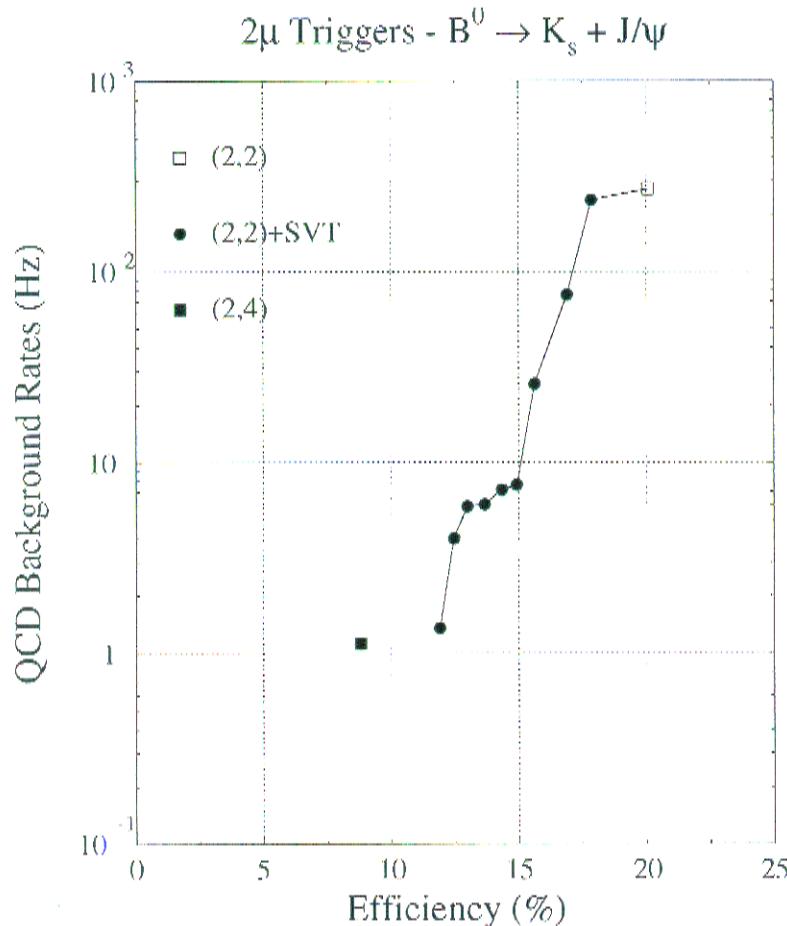


## Dimuon Trigger

- Play with threshold on both legs of the  $J/\psi$ .

Trigger	L2 Bgd. (Hz)	$\psi K_s$ (%)
• (2 GeV, 4 GeV)	1.1	8.8
• (2 GeV, 2 GeV)	272	20.1
• (2,2) + SVT	7.6	14.9

- The SVT allows to reduce the rate of the low threshold trigger (2,2) while preserving a better efficiency than (2,4).

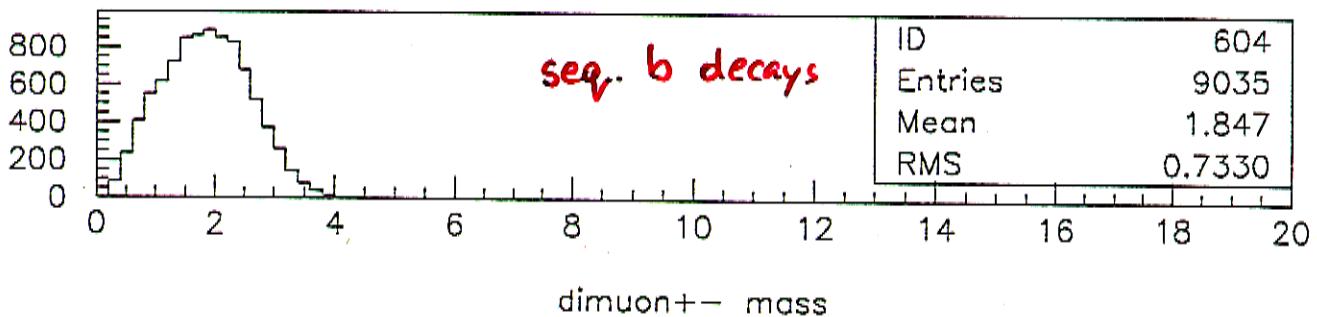
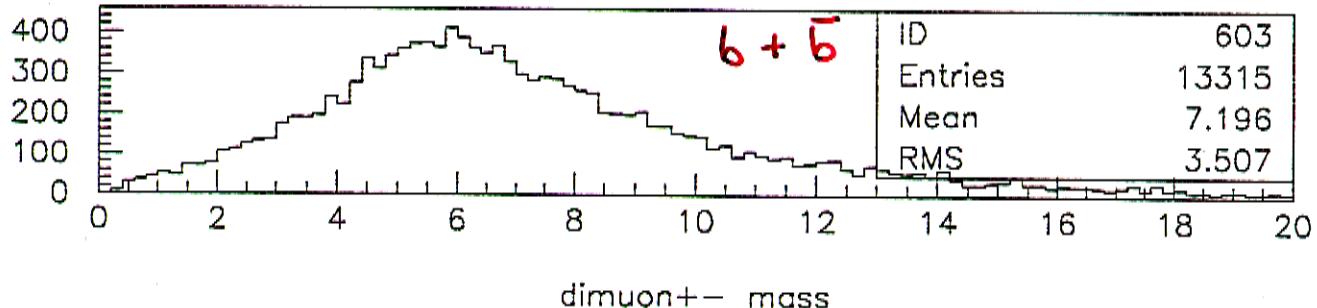
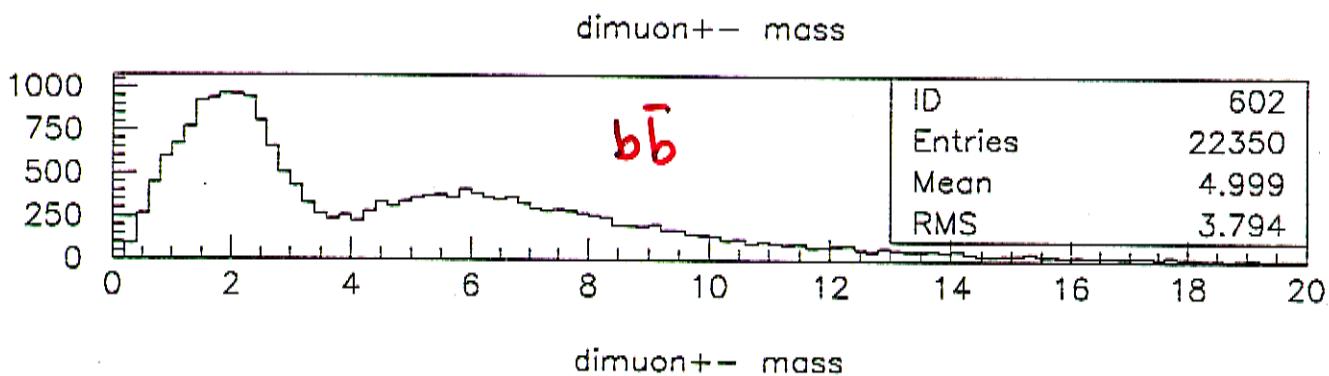
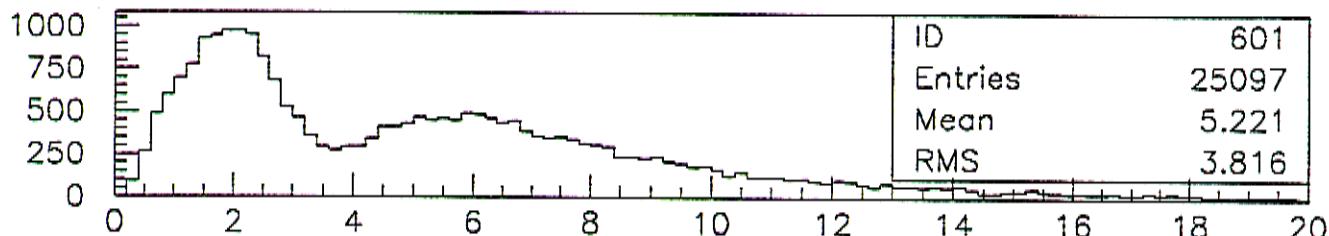


QQ NLO MONTE CARLO (ISAJET  
7.22)

$p_T^\mu > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$

$|\eta^\mu| < 1.6$

21/09/99 21.47

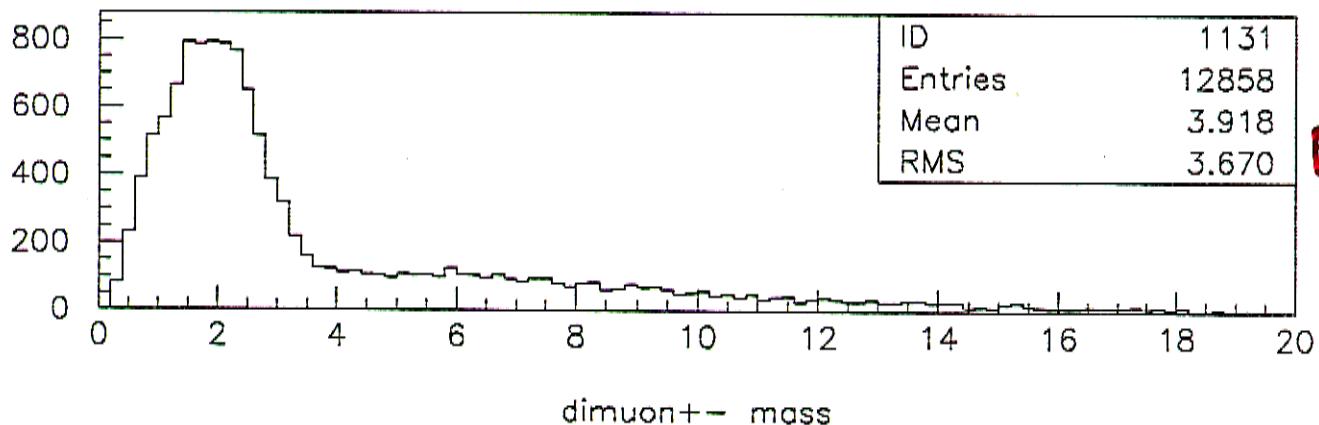
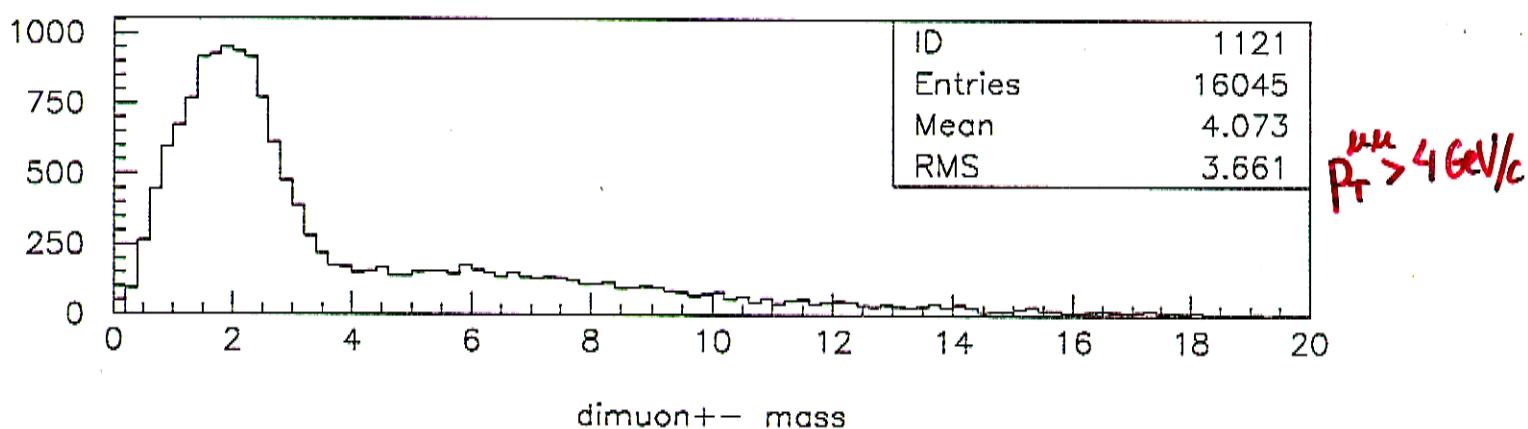
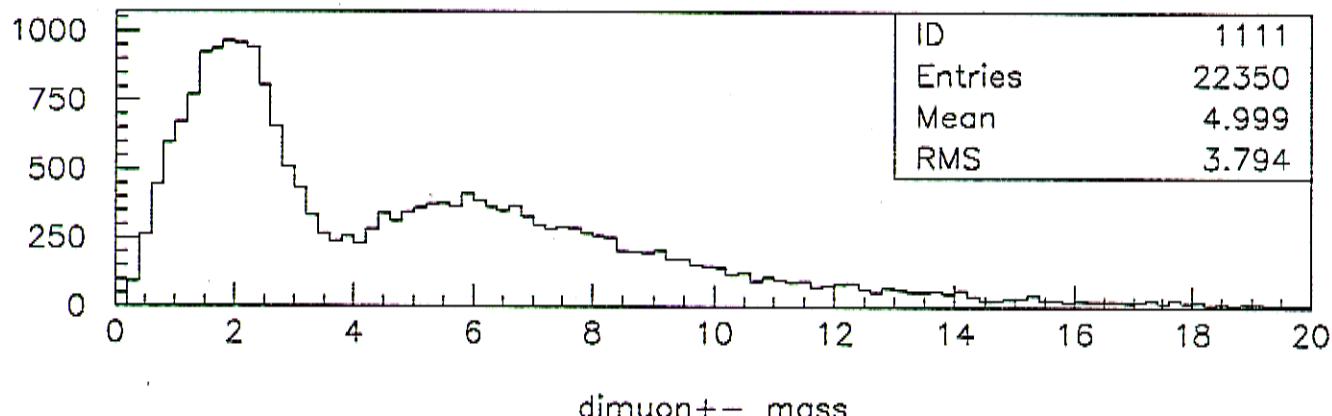


MASS  $\mu^+\mu^-$ , GeV

$P_T^\mu > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$

$|y^\mu| < 1.6$

21/09/99 21.49



MASS  $\mu^+\mu^-$ , GeV

## Search for $b \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-$

### Run2 vs Run1 Comparison

	Run1	Run2
• $\int \mathcal{L} dt$	$50 \text{ pb}^{-1}$	$2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
• $\sigma_M(J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-)$	$\sim 350 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\sim 27 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
• $\eta$ coverage ( $\mu$ )	<del>0.6</del> 1.0	<del>2.0</del> 1.6
• kinematic acceptance $p_T^b > 6 \text{ GeV}/c$ ; $ \eta^b  < 1$ $p_T^\mu > 3 \text{ GeV}/c$ ; $ \eta^\mu  < 1$ ; $M_{\mu\mu} > 3.9 \text{ GeV}$	$7 \times 10^{-3}$	$7 \times 10^{-3}$
• trigger/off-line effic.	1%	25%
• background reduction	$\times 22$ mass resol. search window same, displaced vtx $\mu$ 's from b jets	
• Signal (Events)	0	<del>900</del> 600
• Background (Events)	68	<del>50</del> 25,000
• $S/\sqrt{N}$	0	<del>600/220</del>

## CONCLUSIONS

IN RUN 2 ( $2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) DΦ will collect:

$$\sim 600 \quad b \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$$\sim 50,000 \quad b\bar{b} \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$$

for:  $3.9 < M_{\mu\mu} < 4.4 \text{ GeV}$

$$p_T^{\mu\mu} > 5 \text{ GeV/c}$$

$$p_T^\mu > 3 \text{ GeV/c}$$

$$|\eta^\mu| < 1.6 \text{ GeV/c}$$

QUESTION?

HOW MUCH ONE CAN REDUCE the  
 $b\bar{b}$  PHYSICS BACKGROUND BY REQUIRING

- $\mu$ s from same vtx
- kinematic cuts
- CLEO method?

NUMBER of  $b \rightarrow X_s \mu^+ \mu^-$  ~  $\times 3$  if  $p_T^\mu > 2 \text{ GeV/c}$   
observed